

*Table 1. Minerals of the Saranovskoe Deposit*

Mineral	Formula	Abundance	Some characteristics of specimens (for legend see footnote)
<b>Elements</b>			
Gold (?)	Au	+	
Silver	Ag	+	
<i>Copper-bearing silver</i>		+	
Osmium **	Os	+	
Antimony (?)	Sb	+	
Sulfur **	S	+	
<b>Sulfides, sulfosalts</b>			
Pyrite	FeS <sub>2</sub>	++++	•
Pyrrhotite (hex.)	Fe <sub>1-x</sub> S	++	
Troilite (?)	FeS	+	
Marcasite **	FeS <sub>2</sub>	+	
Chalcopyrite	CuFeS <sub>2</sub>	++	•
Bornite	Cu <sub>5</sub> FeS <sub>4</sub>	+	
Cubanite (?)	CuFe <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	+	
Covellite **	CuS	++	
Chalcocite	Cu <sub>2</sub> S	++	♦
Galena	PbS	+++	♦
Sphalerite **	ZnS	+	
Millerite	NiS	+++	•!!
Pentlandite	(Fe,Ni) <sub>9</sub> S <sub>8</sub>	+++	•
Vaesite	NiS <sub>2</sub>	+	
<i>Bravoite</i>		+	
Siegenite **	(Ni,Co) <sub>3</sub> S <sub>4</sub>	+	♦
<i>Fe-rich siegenite</i> **		+	
Heazlewoodite	Ni <sub>3</sub> S <sub>2</sub>	+	
Violarite	FeNi <sub>2</sub> S <sub>4</sub>	+	•
Linnaeite (?)	CoCo <sub>2</sub> S <sub>4</sub>	+	
Polydymite **	NiNi <sub>2</sub> S <sub>4</sub>	++	•
<i>Co-rich polydymite</i> **		+	
Gersdorffite **	NiAsS	+	
Tetrahedrite	Cu <sub>10</sub> Fe <sub>2</sub> Sb <sub>4</sub> S <sub>13</sub>	+	
Laurite	RuS <sub>2</sub>	++	
Erlichmanite **	OsS <sub>2</sub>	++	
Sperrylite **	PtAs <sub>2</sub>	+	
Borovskite (?)	Pd <sub>3</sub> SbTe <sub>4</sub>	?	
Braggite (?)	(Pt,Pd,Ni)S	?	
Vysotskite (?)	(Pd,Ni)S	?	
Irarsite (?)	IrAsS	?	
Palladoarsenide (?)	Pd <sub>2</sub> As	?	
Atheneite (?)	(Pd,Hg) <sub>3</sub> As	?	
Stillwaterite (?)	Pd <sub>8</sub> As <sub>3</sub>	?	
<b>Oxides and hydroxides</b>			
Gibbsite **	Al(OH) <sub>3</sub>	+	
Diaspore ( <i>chromian: "saranite"</i> )	AlOOH	++	•!
Brucite	Mg(OH) <sub>2</sub>	+++	•
<i>Ferrobrucite</i> (?)		+	
Pyroaurite (?)	Mg <sub>6</sub> Fe <sup>3+</sup> <sub>2</sub> (CO <sub>3</sub> )(OH) <sub>16</sub> • 4H <sub>2</sub> O	+	
<i>Chromian pyroaurite (sjogrenite)</i> (?)		+	•
Stichite (?)		+	
Quartz (including <i>halcedony</i> )	SiO <sub>2</sub>	+++	•
Opal	SiO <sub>2</sub> • nH <sub>2</sub> O	+	
Magnetite	FeFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	+++	•
<i>Titanomagnnerite</i>		+++	♦
<i>Nickeloan Mg-bearing magnetite</i>		+++	

Table 1. Continuation

Mineral	Formula	Abundance	Some characteristics of specimens (for legend see footnote)	
<i>Karpinskit</i> (?)	$(\text{Mg}, \text{Ni})_2\text{Si}_2\text{O}_5(\text{OH})_2$	+		
Nepouite	$\text{Ni}_3\text{Si}_2\text{O}_5(\text{OH})_4$	+		
Pekoraite	$\text{Ni}_3\text{Si}_2\text{O}_5(\text{OH})_4$	+		
Amesite **	$\text{Mg}_2\text{Al}(\text{AlSiO}_5)(\text{OH})_4$	+++	•	♦
<i>Chromian amesite</i>		+++	•!!	♦
Kaolinite	$\text{Al}_2\text{Si}_2\text{O}_5(\text{OH})_4$	+		
Clinochlore	$(\text{Mg}, \text{Al})_6(\text{Si}, \text{Al})_4\text{O}_{10}(\text{OH})_8$	+++	•	♦
<i>Pennite</i>		+++	•	♦
<i>Chromian pennite (kämmererite)</i>		+++	•!!	♦
Leichtenbergite		++	•	♦
<i>Chromian clinochlore (kochubeite)</i>		++	•	♦
<i>Chromian sheridanite</i> **		+++	•!!	♦
Prochlorite		++	•	
Ripidolite **		++	•	
Aphrosiderite **		++	•	
<i>Dellesite</i> ?		+		
<i>Diabantite</i> ?		+		
<i>Thuringite</i> ?		+		
Nomite	$(\text{Ni}, \text{Mg})_6\text{Si}_4\text{O}_{10}(\text{OH})_8$	+	•!	
Montmorillonite **	$(\text{Na}, \text{Ca})_{0.3}(\text{Al}, \text{Mg})_5\text{Si}_4\text{O}_{10}(\text{OH})_2 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+		
Beidellite (?)	$(\text{Na}, \text{Ca})_{0.3}\text{Al}_2(\text{Si}, \text{Al})_4\text{O}_{10}(\text{OH})_2 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+		
Nontronite	$\text{Na}_{0.3}\text{Fe}^{3+}(\text{Si}, \text{Al})_4\text{O}_{10}(\text{OH})_2 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$	++		
Saponite **	$(\text{Ca}, \text{Na})_{0.3}(\text{Mg}, \text{Fe}^{2+})_3(\text{Si}, \text{Al})_4\text{O}_{10}(\text{OH})_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+		
Sepiolite **	$\text{Mg}_4\text{Si}_6\text{O}_{15}(\text{OH})_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+		
Stilpnomelane **	$\text{K}(\text{Fe}, \text{Mg}, \text{Al})_8(\text{Si}, \text{Al})_{12}(\text{O}, \text{OH})_{36} \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$	++		
<i>Barian stilpnomelane</i>		+		
<i>Pb-bearing stilpnomelane</i>		+		
Ferristilpnomelane ** (?)		++		
Chrysocolla	$(\text{Cu}, \text{Al})_2\text{H}_2\text{Si}_2\text{O}_5(\text{OH})_4 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+		
“Kerolite” **		+++	•	
“Ferrokerolite” **		++	•	
Rectorite	$(\text{Na}, \text{K}, \text{Ca})(\text{Al}, \text{Mg})_4(\text{Al}_{1.5}\text{Si}_{6.5}\text{O}_{20})(\text{OH})_4 \cdot 35\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+	•	
<b>Tectosilicates</b>				
Albite	$\text{NaAlSi}_3\text{O}_8$	++	•	♦
Andesine		+		
Labradorite		++		
Bitownite		++		
Anorthite	$\text{CaAl}_2\text{Si}_2\text{O}_8$	+++		
Orthoclase	$\text{KAISi}_3\text{O}_8$	+		
Microcline	$\text{KAISi}_3\text{O}_8$	+		

Mineral species and varieties whose occurrence at the deposit is not supported by reliable data:

Jadeite = tremolite; Cronstedtite = Ti-bearing phlogopite or ferristilpnomelane; Platinum ≈ laurite; Rhodochrosite = rhodochrome (misspelling name); Vesuvianite? = wrong geographical location (sample from the Bazhenovo deposit?); Diopside white? = wrong geographical location (sample from the Bazhenovo deposit?); Iridosmine = osmium.

Note. Mineral varieties are *italicized*; mineral species and varieties discovered at the Saranovskoe deposit are **bolded**. Minerals, which undoubtedly occurred at the deposit, but completely replaced at present (reconstructed based on pseudomorphs) are in brackets.

\*\* – Minerals and mineral varieties described for first time for the deposit by author (or by author together with colleagues),

(?) Identification of a mineral seems doubtful.

#### Abundance of mineral:

(+++++) major gangue, rock-forming, or ore component; (++++) common; (++) less-common; (+) rare; (+) extremely rare or accessory.

(•!!; •!, •) Minerals found at the deposit as specimens of high museum quality including:

(•!!) the top-quality samples, outstanding for their mineral species over the world,

(•!) high-quality specimens.

(♦) Minerals found at the deposit as megascopic well-formed crystals.