THE MALKHAN GEM TOURMALINE DEPOSIT IN TRANSBAIKALIA, RUSSIA

Vinogradov Institute of Geochemistry, Siberian Branch RAS victzag@igc.irk.ru



I.S. Peretyazhko (in the middle) and V.Ye. Zagorsky (right) at the Oreshnaya Vein in 2002

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n Russia, gem tourmaline has been first discovered 220 years ago on eastern slopes of the Ural Ridge, which makes a boundary between Europe and Asia. A cherry-red version of this mineral, which received the name of siberite, came to Europe from famous regions of Sarapulka and Murzinka. Although this name, in strict meaning, mismatched an initial place of occurrence of such tourmalines, it has appeared to be appropriate as soon afterwards similar stones have been discovered in Siberia, namely in Eastern Transbaikalia, known then as Nerchinsk territory. However, by the 1910s, tourmaline deposits of the Urals Mountains and Borshchovochny Ridge in Eastern Transbaikalia have been worked out or essentially exhausted, and for more than half a century, tourmaline in Russia was an extremely scarce gem. A new splash of interest to Transbaikalian region as to the source of tourmaline and accompanying gems is related to the 1980s discovery of the Malkhan field of miarolitic pegmatites in Krasnyi Chikoi district of the Chita oblast, in Central Transbaikalia, located approximately 400 km to the west of the Borshchovochny Ridge deposits and 200 km to the southeast from Ulan-Ude, capital of the Buryat Republic. The distance from the nearest large railway station of Petrovski Zavod on the Trans-Siberian railway to Malkhan is 220 km. It first takes 120 km to the south by a highway, crossing Zagan and Malkhan ridges, then 90 km to the east alongy a picturesque valley of the Chikoi River, and lastly 10 km to the north by a country road.



Victor Ye. Zagorsky, Igor S. Peretyazhko

5



Tourmaline "cotton wool", 4 by 3 cm

→ **Tourmaline** crystal 2.5 by 2 cm, in albite. Mikhail Anosov collection. Michael Leybov photo

↓ **Tourmaline**, 2.5 by 3 cm. Mikhail Anosov collection. Michael Leybov photo

ש **Tourmaline**, 8 by 1.5 cm, with albite and lepidolite. Private collection. Michael Leybov photo













► Tourmaline, crystal intergrowth 4.5 cm high. Mikhail Anosov collection. Michael Leybov photo

↑ **Tourmaline** crystal group, 10 by 8 by 8 cm. Mokhovaya Vein. Jessy Fisher collection and photo

Tourmaline crystal, 12 by 2.5 cm, on albite. Private collection. Michael Leybov photo



Ball made of pink **beryl** (vorobyevite), 7.5 cm in diameter

Beryl (vorobyevite), 5.5 by 4.5 cm. Viktor Levitsky collection. Michael Leybov photo

Beryl (vorobyevite), 6 by 5 cm. Igor Pekov collection. Michael Leybov photo





Index of Malkhan mineral species

Albite Annite (biotite) Beryl Bismuth Bismuthinite Bismutite **Bismutocolumbite Bismutomicrolite** *Bismutobetafite* Bismutopyrochlore **Bismutotantalite** Borocookeite Cassiterite Cookeite Danburite Stilbite Dravite Elbaite Fluorapatite Fluorite Hambergite Ilmenite Laumontite Liddicoatite Manganaxinite Manganocolumbite Manganotantalite Microcline Microlite Monazite-(Ce) Muscovite Oligoclase Orthoclase (including Adularia) Petalite Pollucite Polycrase-(Y) Polylithionite Quartz Routile (Strüverite) Sassolite Schorl Spessartine Stibiomicrolite Topaz Trilithionite (lepidolite) Zircon Xenotime-(Y)

NaAlSi₃0₈ KFe₃²⁺AlSi₃0₁₀(0H,F)₂ $\operatorname{Be}_{3}\operatorname{Al}_{2}\operatorname{Si}_{6}\operatorname{O}_{18}$ Bi Bi₂S₃ $Bi_{2}(CO_{2})O_{2}$ Bi(Nb,Ta)0, $(Bi,Ca)(Ta,Nb)_2O_6(OH,F)$ (Bi,Ca)(Ti, Nb,Ta,)₂O₆(OH,F) (Bi,Ca)(Nb,Ta)₂O₆(OH,F) Bi(Ta,Nb)04 $Li_{(1+3x)}Al_{(4-x)}BSi_{3}O_{10}OH$ Sn₀ $LiAl_4(AlSi_3)O_{10}OH_8$ $CaB_{2}(SiO_{4})_{2}$ NaCa2Al5Si13036.14H20 $NaMg_{3}Al_{6}(BO_{3})_{3}Si_{6}O_{18}(OH)_{3}F$ Na (Li_{1.5}Al_{1.5})₃Al₆(BO₃)₃Si₆O₁₈(OH)₃F $Ca_{5}(PO_{4})_{3}(F,OH)$ CaF₂ Be₂BO₃(OH,F) Fe²⁺TiO₃ CaAl₂Si₄O₁₂·4H₂O $Ca(Li_2Al)_3Al_6(BO_3)_3Si_6O_{18}(OH)_3F$ Ca, MnAl, BSi, O15 OH (Mn,Fe²⁺)(Nb,Ta)₂O₆ $(Mn,Fe^{2+})(Nb,Ta)_2O_6$ KALSi₃0₈ (Ca,Na)₂(Ta,Nb)₂O₆(OH,F) CePO, $KAl_2AlSi_3O_{10}(OH,F)_2$ (Na,Ca)AlSi₃O₈ KALSi₃0₈ LiAlSi₄0₁₀ $(Cs,Na), \widetilde{Al}, Si_4O_{12} \cdot H_2O$ (Y,Ca,Ce,U,Th)(Ti,Nb,Ta)₂O₆ KLi₂AlSi₄O₁₀(F,OH)₂ Si0, $(Ti,Ta)_3 O_6$ H,BO, NaFe²⁺,Al₆(BO₃),Si₆O₁₈(OH)₃F $Mn_2Al_3(SiO_4)_3$ (Sb,Ca,Na)₂(Ta,Nb,Ti)₂O₆(OH,F) $Al_2SiO_4(F,OH)_2$ KLi_{1.5}Al_{1.5}AlSi₃O₁₀(F,OH)₂ ZrSi0, YP0₄

14-16, ph18, ph20, ph22, ph23 16 27-29, ph28 34 34 34 33, ph33 33 33-34 33-34 33 17-19, ph19 34 17-19 30, ph30 35, ph35 19-26 19-26, ph4, 6, 8, 9, 14, 15 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 36 32 32 31-32, ph31 34 34 19-26 32, ph32 33 33 15 - 1633, ph33 34 17, ph23 16 14-16 26-27, ph27 30-31, **ph31** 34 17, ph 16, 18 14, ph6, ph8,14,18, 22, 23, 24 34 35-36, ph35 19-26 26, ph27 34 29, ph29, ph30 17, ph 16, 18 34 34